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(b) Standard: Duties. Written instructions for patient care are prepared by a registered nurse. Duties include, but may not be limited to, the duties specified in §484.36(c) of this chapter.

[48 FR 56026, Dec. 16, 1983, as amended at 55 FR 50835, Dec. 11, 1990]

§418.96 Condition of participation— Medical supplies.

Medical supplies and appliances including drugs and biologicals, must be provided as needed for the palliation and management of the terminal illness and related conditions.

(a) Standard: Administration. All drugs and biologicals must be administered in accordance with accepted standards

of practice.

- (b) Standard: Controlled drugs in the patient's home. The hospice must have a policy for the disposal of controlled drugs maintained in the patient's home when those drugs are no longer needed by the patient.
- (c) Standard: Administration of drugs and biologicals. Drugs and biologicals are administered only by the following individuals:
 - (1) A licensed nurse or physician.
- (2) An employee who has completed a State-approved training program in medication administration.

(3) The patient if his or her attending

physician has approved.

(4) Any other individual in accordance with applicable State and local laws. The persons, and each drug and biological they are authorized to administer, must be specified in the patient's plan of care.

§418.98 Condition of participation— Short term inpatient care.

Inpatient care must be available for pain control, symptom management and respite purposes, and must be provided in a participating Medicare or Medicaid facility.

(a) Standard: Inpatient care for symptom control. Inpatient care for pain control and symptom management must be provided in one of the following:

- (1) A hospice that meets the condition of participation for providing inpatient care directly as specified in §418.100.
- (2) A hospital or an SNF that also meets the standards specified in

§418.100 (a) and (e) regarding 24-hour nursing service and patient areas.

- (b) Standard: Inpatient care for respite purposes. Inpatient care for respite purposes must be provided by one of the following:
- (1) A provider specified in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (2) An ICF that also meets the standards specified in §418.100 (a) and (e) regarding 24-hour nursing service and patient areas.
- (c) Standard: Inpatient care limitation. The total number of inpatient days used by Medicare beneficiaries who elected hospice coverage in any 12-month period preceding a certification survey in a particular hospice may not exceed 20 percent of the total number of hospice days for this group of beneficiaries.
- (d) Standard: Exemption from limitation. Until October 1, 1986, any hospice that began operation before January 1, 1975 is not subject to the limitation specified in paragraph (c).

[48 FR 56026, Dec. 16, 1983, as amended at 55 FR 50835, Dec. 11, 1990]

§ 418.100 Condition of participation Hospices that provide inpatient care directly.

A hospice that provides inpatient care directly must comply with all of the following standards.

- (a) Standard: Twenty-four-hour nursing services. (1) The facility provides 24-hour nursing services which are sufficient to meet total nursing needs and which are in accordance with the patient plan of care. Each patient receives treatments, medications, and diet as prescribed, and is kept comfortable, clean, well-groomed, and protected from accident, injury, and infection.
- (2) Each shift must include a registered nurse who provides direct patient care.
- (b) Standard: Disaster preparedness. The hospice has an acceptable written plan, periodically rehearsed with staff, with procedures to be followed in the event of an internal or external disaster and for the care of casualties (patients and personnel) arising from such disasters.
- (c) Standard: Health and safety laws. The hospice must meet all Federal,